Physical Therapy Practice Guidelines for Persons with Bleeding Disorders:
Physical Therapy Evaluation Components

The following practice guidelines were developed through the consensus of the therapists that work with patients with bleeding disorders and edited by the National Hemophilia Foundation’s Physical Therapy Working Group. The information contained in the practice guidelines is not intended in any way to be used as primary medical advice or to replace medical advice. They are intended to guide the physical therapist caring for individuals with bleeding disorders in the important factors and elements of quality care.

The physical therapy evaluation is a vital part of the comprehensive evaluation of a person with a bleeding disorder and is aimed at identifying musculoskeletal limitations and vulnerabilities which impact function and quality of life. The physical therapist will determine the necessary evaluation components to be completed at each visit based on the PWBD’s impairment, pain, and functional limitation as well as the type of visit.

Acute Musculoskeletal Bleed/Pain
1. Details of bleed onset and progression of symptoms
2. Mechanism of injury
3. Hemostasis management used to date and response to treatment (includes factor, non-factor, and non-infused products)
4. Other treatment (first aid/PRICE) used and response to treatment
5. Pain qualities, location, intensity, aggravating/alleviating factors
6. Pain with movement

Bleed History
1. Recent joint or muscle bleeds (since last visit)
2. Reasons for those bleeds
3. Previous target joints: location and number
4. Usual activities
5. Identification of bleeding patterns
6. Usual hemostasis management regime
   a. Factor Products (Plasma or Recombinant)
   b. Non-factor Injectable Products
   c. Intranasal Agents
   d. Oral Agents
7. Usual response to treatment for bleeds
8. Chronic Arthropathy: Location

Subjective interview and history:
1. Other Medical and surgical history
2. Pain history and treatment
3. Patient concerns and complaints
4. Social history: family, school or work, culture, language

This material is provided for your general information only. NHF does not give medical advice or engage in the practice of medicine. NHF under no circumstances recommends particular treatment for specific individuals and in all cases recommends that you consult your physician or local treatment center before pursuing any course of treatment.

Please visit NHF’s website @ www.hemophilia.org for HTC contact information. Additional information is also available through NHF @ 1 800 42-HANDI.
5. ADL concerns
6. Participation in physical activity: exercise, sports, PE, recreation
7. Current equipment
8. Orthopedic issues
9. Educational needs: Health literacy, ESL, absences due to physical needs, 504/IEP

Objective Information:
1. Observation/Inspection
2. Palpation/Inspection of joints:
   a. at rest and during AROM
   b. note abnormalities
      i. synovitis
      ii. crepitus
      iii. swelling
      iv. temperature
      v. redness
      vi. spasm
      vii. atrophy
3. ROM:
   a. Passive ROM for the following movements (at a minimum)
      i. Shoulder - Flexion
      ii. Elbow - Flex/Ext, Pron/Sup
      iii. Hip - Flex/Ext
      iv. Knee - Flex/Ext
      v. Ankle - DF/PF
   b. Atypical end feel
   c. Muscle length/flexibility especially for two joint muscles
   d. Hypermobility
4. Strength:
   e. Active Movement
      i. Compare to contralateral limb or, in case of chronic arthropathy, baseline measurements
      ii. Pain with movement
   f. MMT or functional strength for above mentioned ROM measurements
4. Posture and alignment: Standing (preferably) or sitting
   a. Standing
   b. Sitting
   c. LLD
5. Balance
6. Sensation and Proprioception
7. Observational gait analysis
8. Functional activities
9. Activities and participation throughout the lifespan
   a. Gross motor development
b. School/work  
c. Physical activity/sports  
d. Leisure/Social/Cultural activities  
e. Self-Care  

10. Special Tests  
   a. Bleeding Disorder Specific  
   b. Orthopedic  
   c. Developmental  
   d. Fall Assessment  
   e. Neuromotor  

11. MSKUS Imaging  
12. Other